



To: All CPPCA Members

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Re: Legislative Update – Governor’s Final Actions for 2019

Sunday, October 13 was the deadline for the Governor to sign or veto all legislation on his desk for the first year of the 2019-20 regular legislative session. According to the Governor’s Office, the Governor signed 870 of the 1,042 bills that reached his desk in 2019. Governor Newsom vetoed 172 bills, resulting in a veto rate of 16.5%, similar to that of Governor Jerry Brown in 2018.

Below are lists of signed and vetoed bills that we were tracking for CPPCA in 2019. We expect to see some of the bills that did not reach the Governor’s desk, or were vetoed, reintroduced during the 2020 legislative year. While behind the scenes work and preparation for next year has already commenced, the Legislature is now in recess until Monday, January 6, 2020, when the Legislature will begin the second year of the 2019-20 legislative session.

We would like to extend our appreciation to the CPPCA Board and Legislative Committee for your time and efforts in reviewing and engaging on several priority issues this year. It is our continued honor to work with you and we look forward to representing you in the halls of the Capitol in 2020.

Bills Signed by the Governor

Measure	Topic	Status	Summary	Position
AB 12 Irwin D	Firearms: gun violence restraining orders.	10/11/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 724, Statutes of 2019.	Would authorize a law enforcement officer to file a petition for a gun violence restraining order in the name of the law enforcement agency in which the officer is employed. The bill would change the duration of the gun violence restraining order and the renewal of the gun violence restraining order from one year to a period of time between one to 5 years, subject to earlier termination or renewal by the court. The bill would require a court, in determining the duration of the gun violence restraining order, to consider the length of time that the threat of personal injury is likely to continue,	Watch

			and to issue the order based on that determination.	
<u>AB 32</u> <u>Bonta D</u>	Detention facilities: private, for-profit administration services.	10/11/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 739, Statutes of 2019.	Current law, until January 1, 2020, authorizes the Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to enter into one or more agreements with private entities to obtain secure housing capacity in the state or in another state, upon terms and conditions deemed necessary and appropriate to the secretary. Current law, until January 1, 2020, authorizes the secretary to enter into agreements for the transfer of prisoners to, or placement of prisoners in, community correctional centers, and to enter into contracts to provide housing, sustenance, and supervision for inmates placed in community correctional centers. This bill, on or after January 1, 2020, would prohibit the department from entering into or renewing a contract with a private, for-profit prison to incarcerate state prison inmates, but would not prohibit the department from renewing or extending a contract to house state prison inmates in order to comply with any court-ordered population cap.	Watch
<u>AB 61</u> <u>Ting D</u>	Gun violence restraining orders.	10/11/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 725, Statutes of 2019.	Current law authorizes a court to issue an ex parte gun violence restraining order prohibiting the subject of the petition from having in their custody or control, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving, or attempting to purchase or receive, a firearm or ammunition when it is shown that there is a substantial likelihood that the subject of the petition poses a significant danger of self-harm or harm to another in the near future by having in their custody or control, owning, purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm, and that the order is necessary to prevent personal injury to the subject of the petition or another, as specified. Current law authorizes renewal of a gun violence restraining order within 3 months of the order's expiration. Petitions for ex parte, one-year, and renewed gun violence restraining orders may be made by an immediate family member of the person or by a law enforcement officer. This bill would, commencing September 1, 2020, similarly authorize an employer, a coworker who has substantial and regular interactions with the person and approval of their employer, or an employee or teacher of a secondary or postsecondary school, with approval of a school administrator or a school administration staff member with a supervisorial role, that the person has attended in the last 6 months to file a petition for an ex parte, one-year, or renewed gun violence restraining order.	Watch
<u>AB 121</u> <u>Committee on Budget</u>	Social services.	10/2/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State	Current law provides for the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program, under which each county provides cash assistance and other benefits to qualified low-income families and individuals.	Watch

		- Chapter 414, Statutes of 2019.	Current law generally provides for the recovery of an overpayment of benefits. Current law requires a county, beginning when the Statewide Automated Welfare System (SAWS) has the capability to produce a specified report identifying overpayments, to deem an overpayment uncollectible and expunge that overpayment if the individual responsible for the overpayment has not received aid under CalWORKs for 36 consecutive months or longer, except as specified. This bill would instead impose that requirement relating to overpayments beginning when SAWS can automate those provisions.	
<u>AB 164 Cervantes D</u>	Firearms: prohibited persons.	10/11/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 726, Statutes of 2019.	Under current law, a person who purchases or receives a firearm, attempts to purchase or receive a firearm, or owns or possesses a firearm knowing that the person is prohibited from doing so by a temporary restraining order, an injunction, or a protective order, as specified, is guilty of a crime. This bill would expand the scope of this crime to a person who is prohibited from purchasing or possessing a firearm in any jurisdiction by a valid order issued by an out-of-state jurisdiction that is similar or equivalent to a temporary restraining order, injunction, or protective order issued in this state, and which includes a prohibition from owning or possessing a firearm.	Watch
<u>AB 175 Gipson D</u>	Foster care: rights.	10/2/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 416, Statutes of 2019.	Current law provides that it is the policy of the state that all minors and nonminors in foster care have specified rights, including, among others, the right to receive medical, dental, vision, and mental health services, the right to be placed in out-of-home care according to their gender identity, regardless of the gender or sex listed in their court or child welfare records, the right to review their own case plan and plan for permanent placement if the child is 12 years of age or older and in a permanent placement, and the right to attend Independent Living Program classes and activities if the child meets applicable age requirements. This bill would instead require all children and nonminor dependents in foster care to have these rights and would revise various rights, including providing the right to review their own case plan and plan for permanent placement to children 10 years of age or older regardless of whether they are in a permanent placement and the right to not be prevented from attending Independent Living Program classes by the caregiver as a punishment.	Fiscal Concerns
<u>AB 242 Kamlager-Dove D</u>	Courts: attorneys: implicit bias: training.	10/2/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 418,	Current law authorizes the Judicial Council to provide by rule of court for racial, ethnic, and gender bias, and sexual harassment training and training for any other bias based on sex, race, color, religion, ancestry, national origin, ethnic group identification, age, mental disability, physical	Watch

		Statutes of 2019.	disability, medical condition, genetic information, marital status, or sexual orientation for judges, commissioners, and referees. This bill would authorize the Judicial Council to develop training on implicit bias with respect to these characteristics. The bill would require all court staff who interact with the public to complete 2 hours of any training developed by the Judicial Council pursuant to this authorization every 2 years. The bill would authorize the Judicial Council to adopt a rule of court, effective January 1, 2021, to implement these requirements.	
AB 278 McCarty D	California Conservation Corps: community conservation corps: applicant selection: parolees.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 571, Statutes of 2019.	Current law authorizes the Director of the California Conservation Corps, in implementing the California Conservation Corps program, to recruit and enroll corpsmembers and special corpsmembers and to adopt criteria for selecting applicants for enrollment, including individuals convicted of a crime described in the California Uniform Controlled Substances Act. Current law requires the director, when adopting this criteria, to take into account the health, safety, and welfare of the public and the corps program participants and staff. Current law authorizes the director to select an applicant for enrollment in the corps program who is on probation, postrelease community supervision, or mandatory supervision. This bill would also authorize the director to select an applicant for enrollment in the corps program who is on parole. When selecting an applicant for enrollment in the corps program, the bill would require the director to consider specified aspects of the applicant's overall fitness to join the corp, including any potential impacts the applicant may have on public safety, as provided.	Watch
AB 303 Cervantes D	Mental health: sexually violent predators: trial: continuances.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 606, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires the Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to refer a prisoner for evaluation by the State Department of State Hospitals when the secretary determines that the person may be a sexually violent predator and specifies the judicial processes necessary for civil commitment as a sexually violent predator, including, but not limited to, the right to a jury trial. This bill would establish procedures for requesting and granting continuances in these trials, as specified.	Watch
AB 304 Jones-Sawyer D	Wiretapping: authorization.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 607, Statutes of 2019.	Current law establishes a procedure for a prosecutor to apply for, and the court to issue, an order authorizing law enforcement to intercept a wire or electronic communication. Current law requires the Attorney General to prepare and submit an annual report to the Legislature, the Judicial Council, and the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts regarding these interceptions, as specified. Current law makes a violation of these	Watch

			provisions punishable as a misdemeanor or as a felony. Current law makes these provisions effective until January 1, 2020. This bill would extend the operation of these provisions until January 1, 2025.	
<u>AB 332</u> <u>Lackey R</u>	Peace officers: training.	8/30/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 172, Statutes of 2019.	Would require the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training, on or before April 1, 2021, to submit a report to the Legislature and Governor with specified data relating to students' completion of training at academies for peace officers and the availability of remedial training, including, among other things, the number of students who received one or more opportunities for remedial training for a learning domain. The bill would also require the report to include, among other things, a review of academies' practices regarding remedial training and a discussion of whether the commission finds that minimum standards for an appropriate level of remedial training should be established. The bill would repeal these provisions on January 1, 2024.	Watch
<u>AB 339</u> <u>Irwin D</u>	Gun violence restraining orders: law enforcement procedures.	10/11/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 727, Statutes of 2019.	Current law authorizes a law enforcement officer to request, and a judicial officer to issue on an ex parte basis, a temporary emergency gun violence restraining order that prohibits a person from having custody or control of any firearms or ammunition if the person poses a significant danger of causing personal injury to themselves or another by having a firearm or ammunition. Current law establishes a civil restraining order process to accomplish that purpose. This bill would require each specified law enforcement agency to develop and adopt written policies and standards, as described, regarding the use of gun violence restraining orders.	Watch
<u>AB 381</u> <u>Reves D</u>	Postsecondary education: sexual assault and sexual violence prevention training: intimate partner and dating violence.	7/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 87, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires the governing boards of each community college district, the Trustees of the California State University, the Regents of the University of California, and the governing boards of independent postsecondary institutions, in order to receive state funds for student financial assistance, to enter into memoranda of understanding, agreements, or collaborative partnerships with current on-campus and community-based organizations, to the extent feasible, to refer students for assistance or make services available to students, including counseling, health, mental health, victim advocacy, and legal assistance, and including resources for the accused. This bill would identify domestic violence centers as an eligible type of on-campus or community-based organization for this purpose.	Watch
<u>AB 392</u> <u>Weber D</u>	Peace officers: deadly force.	8/19/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by	Would redefine the circumstances under which a homicide by a peace officer is deemed justifiable to include when the officer reasonably believes, based on the totality of the circumstances, that deadly	Neutral

		Secretary of State - Chapter 170, Statutes of 2019.	force is necessary to defend against an imminent threat of death or serious bodily injury to the officer or to another person, or to apprehend a fleeing person for a felony that threatened or resulted in death or serious bodily injury, if the officer reasonably believes that the person will cause death or serious bodily injury to another unless the person is immediately apprehended.	
AB 397 Chau D	Vehicles: driving under the influence.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 610, Statutes of 2019.	Current law makes it a crime for a person who is under the influence of a drug to drive a vehicle. Existing law also makes it a crime for a person to drive under the influence and proximately cause bodily harm to another person, as specified. Current law requires the superior court to provide a disposition report to the Department of Justice when the court disposes of a case for which an arrest for certain crimes was made and requires that the report contain specified information. This bill would, commencing January 1, 2022, require the disposition report made by the superior court for a conviction for driving under the influence of cannabis to state that the conviction was due to cannabis.	Watch
AB 413 Jones-Sawyer D	Education: at-promise youth.	10/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 800, Statutes of 2019.	Current law uses the term “at-risk” to describe youth for purposes of various provisions of the Education and Penal Codes. This bill would delete the term “at-risk” and would replace it with the term “at-promise” for purposes of these provisions. The bill would, for purposes of the Education Code, define “at-promise” to have the same meaning as “at-risk.”	Watch
AB 433 Ramos D	Probation: notice to victim.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 573, Statutes of 2019.	Would require that a prosecuting attorney be given 2 days’ written notice prior to a hearing to terminate probation early. The bill would require the prosecuting attorney to notify the victim if the victim requested to be notified about the progress of the case, and to request a continuance of the hearing if the victim advises the prosecuting attorney that there is an outstanding restitution order or restitution fine. By imposing new duties on a prosecuting attorney, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	Support-in-Concept
AB 439 Stone, Mark D	Juveniles: competency.	7/31/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 161, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires a court, if it has a doubt that a minor who is subject to any juvenile proceedings is competent, to suspend all proceedings. Upon suspension of proceedings, current law requires the court to appoint an expert, as specified, to evaluate the minor. Current law states that these provisions do not authorize or require the placement of a minor who is incompetent in a developmental center or community facility operated by the State Department of Developmental Services without a determination by a regional center director, or the director’s designee, that the minor has a developmental disability and is eligible for services,	Watch

			as specified. This bill would delete the statement that the provisions above do not authorize or require the placement of a minor who is incompetent in a developmental center or community facility operated by the State Department of Developmental Services without a determination by a regional center director, or the director's designee, that the minor has a developmental disability and is eligible for services.	
AB 484 Jones-Sawyer D	Crimes: probation.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 574, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires a person who is granted probation after being convicted of furnishing or transporting a controlled substance relating to the sale of cocaine, cocaine hydrochloride, or heroin, or who is granted probation after being convicted of furnishing or transporting phencyclidine, to be confined in a county jail for at least 180 days as a condition of probation. Current law requires imposition of this probation condition unless the court, in an unusual case, finds that the interests of justice would best be served by absolving the defendant of this condition and specifies on the record the circumstances indicating that fact. This bill would instead make the imposition of the 180-day confinement condition on probation permissive rather than mandatory in those circumstances.	Watch
AB 538 Berman D	Sexual assault: medical evidentiary examinations and reporting.	10/10/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 714, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires the Office of Emergency Services to establish a protocol for the examination and treatment of victims of sexual assault and attempted sexual assault and the collection and preservation of evidence therefrom. Current law requires the office to adopt a standard and a complete form or forms for the recording of medical and physical evidence data disclosed by a victim of sexual assault or attempted sexual assault. This bill would authorize the form to be issued as a paper version or as an electronic version, or as both the paper and electronic version.	Watch
AB 597 Levine D	Probation and mandatory supervision: flash incarceration.	7/1/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 44, Statutes of 2019.	Current law authorizes probation and mandatory supervision, which in each case is a period of time when a person is released from incarceration and is subject to specified conditions and supervision by county probation authorities. Current law, until January 1, 2021, allows a court to authorize the use of flash incarceration, as defined, to detain a person in county jail for not more than 10 days for a violation of the conditions of that person's probation or mandatory supervision, as specified. This bill would extend the authorization to use flash incarceration until January 1, 2023.	Watch
AB 602 Berman D	Depiction of individual using digital or electronic technology: sexually explicit material: cause of action.	10/3/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 491,	Current law creates a private right of action against a person who intentionally distributes a photograph or recorded image of another that exposes the intimate body parts of that person or of a person engaged in a sexual act without the person's consent if specified conditions are met. This bill	Watch

		Statutes of 2019.	would provide that a depicted individual, as defined, has a cause of action against a person who either (1) creates and intentionally discloses sexually explicit material if the person knows or reasonably should have known the depicted individual did not consent to its creation or disclosure or (2) who intentionally discloses sexually explicit material that they did not create if the person knows the depicted individual did not consent to its creation.	
AB 640 Frazier D	Sex crimes: investigation and prosecution.	8/30/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 177, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires the Office of Emergency Services to establish an advisory committee to develop a training course for district attorneys in the investigation and prosecution of sexual assault cases, child sexual exploitation cases, and child sexual abuse cases, including training in the unique emotional trauma experienced by victims of those crimes. This bill would require that training course to also cover the investigation and prosecution of sexual abuse cases involving victims with developmental disabilities.	Watch
AB 662 Cunningham R	Crimes against minors.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 615, Statutes of 2019.	Current law makes it an offense to entice an unmarried female under 18 years of age and of previous chaste character to a house of prostitution or elsewhere for the purpose of prostitution or illicit carnal connection with a man, to aid or assist in that enticement, or to procure by fraudulent means a female to have illicit carnal connection with a man, as specified. This bill would recast those offenses in gender-neutral terms, remove the requirement that the minor be of previous chaste character, and make other technical changes.	Watch
AB 686 Waldron R	Indian children.	10/2/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 434, Statutes of 2019.	Current law specifies that the state is committed to protecting the essential tribal relations and best interest of an Indian child by promoting practices in accordance with ICWA. Current law requires a court in all Indian child custody proceedings to, among other things, comply with ICWA. This bill would require the Judicial Council to establish a rule of court that would authorize the use of telephonic or other remote access by an Indian child's tribe in proceedings where ICWA apply. The bill would prohibit the charging of a fee for the telephonic or remote access.	Watch
AB 701 Weber D	Prisoners: exoneration: housing costs.	10/2/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 435, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to assist a person who is exonerated as to a conviction for which the person is serving a state prison sentence in accessing specified public services, including enrollment in the CalFresh and Medi-Cal programs. Current law requires a person who is exonerated to be paid the sum of \$1,000 upon release from funds to be made available upon appropriation by the Legislature for this purpose. This bill would additionally require the payment of \$5,000 to a person who is exonerated,	Watch

			upon release, to be used to pay for housing and would entitle the exonerated person to receive direct payment or reimbursement for reasonable housing costs, including, among others, rent and hotel costs, not to exceed specified limits, for a period of not more than 4 years.	
<u>AB 703</u> <u>Weber</u> D	Public postsecondary education: fee waivers for exonerated persons.	10/2/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 436, Statutes of 2019.	Current law prohibits the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges, the Trustees of the California State University, and, if they adopt an appropriate resolution, the Regents of the University of California, from collecting mandatory systemwide tuition and fees from certain persons. Current law prohibits collecting mandatory systemwide tuition and fees from any surviving spouse or child of a deceased state resident who was principally employed in law enforcement service or active fire suppression and prevention and died as a result of those duties. This bill would prohibit those institutions, and community college districts, from collecting mandatory systemwide tuition and fees from persons who are exonerated of crimes by writ of habeas corpus or pardon, as specified, and who meet certain requirements.	Watch
<u>AB 728</u> <u>Santiago</u> D	Homeless multidisciplinary personnel teams.	9/26/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 337, Statutes of 2019.	Would, in the Counties of Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, San Diego, Santa Clara, and Ventura, expand the goals of the homeless adult and family multidisciplinary personnel team to include facilitating the expedited identification, assessment, and linkage of individuals at risk of homelessness, as defined, to housing and supportive services, and the expedited prevention of homelessness.	Watch
<u>AB 748</u> <u>Gipson</u> D	Nonminor dependents.	10/9/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 682, Statutes of 2019.	Current law prescribes the circumstances upon which the court appoints counsel for a child, a nonminor dependent, or their parent or guardian in dependency proceedings. Under current law, in the case of a nonminor dependent, representation by counsel is not provided for a parent, unless the parent is receiving court-ordered family reunification services. This bill would require the court to hold a dispositional proceeding for a youth 18 years of age if the youth was found to be a minor within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court at a specified hearing prior to the youth attaining 18 years of age, and was continuously detained, as specified, and the youth has provided informed consent to the dispositional proceeding. For purposes of these provisions, the fact that a youth has attained 18 years of age would not be cause to relieve counsel appointed in dependency proceedings.	Watch
<u>AB 800</u> <u>Chu</u> D	Civil actions: confidentiality.	10/2/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by	Would permit a person who is a participant in the address confidentiality program and a party to a civil action to proceed using a pseudonym and to exclude or redact other identifying characteristics of	Watch

		Secretary of State - Chapter 439, Statutes of 2019.	the person from all pleadings and documents filed in the action, as specified. Parties to the action would be required to use the pseudonym at proceedings open to the public and to exclude and redact other identifying characteristics of the plaintiff from documents filed with the court.	
AB 806 Bloom D	Postsecondary education: homeless and former homeless youth.	7/31/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 163, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires the California State University and each community college district, and requests the University of California, with respect to each campus in their respective jurisdictions that administers a priority enrollment system, to grant priority for registration for enrollment to homeless youth, as defined. Current law repeals this requirement on January 1, 2020. This bill would add former homeless youth to the students to be granted, or requested to be granted, priority enrollment.	Watch
AB 819 Stone, Mark D	Foster care.	10/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 777, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires foster family agencies to prepare a written report on an applicant's capacity to foster, adopt, and provide legal guardianship of a child based on information gathered through the resource family application and assessment processes, and requires counties and foster family agencies, when a resource family seeks approval by a subsequent foster family agency or transfer of their approval to a county, to request or provide the above-specified written report, including any updates to the report. This bill would require counties and foster family agencies, when a resource family seeks approval by a subsequent foster family agency or transfer of their approval to a county, to request or provide documents in the resource family file maintained by a county or the resource family case record maintained by a foster family agency, including any updates to the file or record.	Watch
AB 851 Cooper D	Drug masking products.	7/1/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 45, Statutes of 2019.	Would prohibit a person from distributing, delivering, or selling, or possessing with intent to distribute, deliver, or sell, a drug masking product. The bill would define a "drug masking product" to mean synthetic urine, as defined, or any other substance designed to be added to human urine or hair for the purpose of defrauding an alcohol or drug screening test.	Watch
AB 865 Reves D	Resource families: training.	10/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 810, Statutes of 2019.	Would, commencing January 1, 2021, require counties to include information on providing care and supervision to children who have been commercially sexually exploited as part of the mandatory preapproval caregiver training. The bill would require resource families that care for children who are 10 years of age or older to attend, within 12 months of approval as a resource family, a training on how to use best practices for providing care and supervision to children who have been commercially sexually exploited. By creating new	Support

			duties for counties, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	
AB 879 Gipson D	Firearms.	10/11/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State - Chapter 730, Statutes of 2019.	Would, commencing July 1, 2024, require the sale of firearm precursor parts, as defined, to be conducted by or processed through a licensed firearm precursor part vendor. Commencing July 1, 2024, the bill would require a person or business to have a valid firearm precursor part vendor license to sell more than one firearm precursor part in any 30-day period, except as exempted.	Watch
AB 893 Gloria D	22nd District Agricultural Association: firearm and ammunition sales at the Del Mar Fairgrounds.	10/11/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State - Chapter 731, Statutes of 2019.	Would, on and after January 1, 2021, prohibit the sale of firearms and ammunition at the Del Mar Fairgrounds property located in the 22nd District Agricultural Association, as specified, and would thereby make a violation of that prohibition a misdemeanor. The bill would exclude from its provisions a gun buyback event held by a law enforcement agency.	Watch
AB 911 Rodriguez D	Office of Emergency Services: emergency information: study.	10/9/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State - Chapter 686, Statutes of 2019.	Would require the Office of Emergency Services, in consultation with relevant experts and stakeholders, to complete a study, as provided, to determine the feasibility of developing a statewide system that would enable all Californians, including older adults, individuals with disabilities, and other at-risk persons, to voluntarily provide vital health and safety information, with an encrypted connection, to be made available to all first responders in an emergency if a “911” call is placed. The bill would require the office to submit the results of the study in a report to the Legislature and the State 911 Advisory Board and make that report available to the public by January 1, 2021. The bill would also require the office to determine an estimate of the funding necessary to plan, test, implement, operate, and maintain the statewide system on an annual basis and to include the funding estimate in the report.	Watch
AB 917 Reves D	Victims of crime: nonimmigrant status.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State - Chapter 576, Statutes of 2019.	Current federal law provides a petition form to request temporary immigration benefits for a person who is a victim of certain qualifying criminal activity. Current federal law also provides a supplemental form for certifying that a person submitting a petition for immigration benefits is a victim of certain qualifying criminal activity and is, has been, or is likely to be helpful in the investigation or prosecution of that criminal activity. Current federal law provides a separate petition form to request temporary immigration benefits for a person who is a victim of human trafficking. Current federal law provides a supplemental form for certifying that a person submitting this latter petition is a victim of human trafficking and a declaration as to the person’s cooperation regarding an investigation or prosecution of human trafficking. This bill would	Watch

			<p>additionally require a certifying official from a certifying entity to certify “victim helpfulness” or “victim cooperation,” respectively, when requested by a licensed attorney representing the victim or a representative fully accredited by the United States Department of Justice authorized to represent the victim in immigration proceedings.</p>	
<p>AB 925 Gloria D</p>	<p>Protective orders: confidential information regarding minors.</p>	<p>9/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chartered by Secretary of State - Chapter 294, Statutes of 2019.</p>	<p>Current law authorizes a person who has suffered harassment to seek a temporary restraining order and an order prohibiting the harassment. Current law authorizes a minor or the minor's legal guardian to petition the court to have information regarding the minor that was obtained while issuing a protective order pursuant to this provision to be kept confidential. Disclosure or misuse of information ordered to be kept confidential is enforced as a civil contempt of court, punishable by a fine of up to \$1,000. This bill would require a notice to be sent to the respondent of a petition seeking an order to keep information confidential that identifies the information that has been made confidential and a statement that a disclosure is punishable by a monetary fine. The bill would authorize a court, either on its own motion at any time or upon a petition filed by a person, to grant a disclosure of information ordered to be kept confidential to certain individuals or entities as necessary to prevent harassment or if it is in the best interest of the minor.</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p>AB 956 Diep R</p>	<p>Telecommunications: automatic dialing-announcing devices: emergency alert notifications.</p>	<p>9/5/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chartered by Secretary of State - Chapter 232, Statutes of 2019.</p>	<p>Current law expressly provides that the use of automatic dialing-announcing devices by law enforcement agencies, fire protection agencies, public health agencies, public environmental health agencies, city or county emergency services planning agencies, or any private for-profit agency operating under contract with, and at the direction of, one or more of these agencies, for specified purposes relating to public safety and emergencies is not prohibited. This bill would expressly provide that the use of automatic dialing-announcing devices by those entities to test all modes of 911 emergency telephone systems, including basic 911 telephone services, enhanced 911 emergency telephone services, Next Generation 911 emergency communication systems, and similar 911 technologies, for data accuracy and emergency alert notification system capabilities is also not prohibited.</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p>AB 965 Stone, Mark D</p>	<p>Youth offender hearings.</p>	<p>10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chartered by Secretary of State - Chapter 577, Statutes of 2019.</p>	<p>Current law makes a person who was convicted of a controlling offense that was committed when the person was 25 years of age or younger and for which the sentence is a determinate sentence eligible for release on parole at a youth offender hearing by the board during the person’s 15th year of incarceration. Currentlaw makes a person who</p>	<p>Watch</p>

			<p>was convicted of a controlling offense that was committed when the person was 25 years of age or younger and for which the sentence is a life term of less than 25 years to life eligible for release on parole at a youth offender hearing by the board during the person’s 20th year of incarceration.</p> <p>Current law makes a person who was convicted of a controlling offense that was committed when the person was 25 years of age or younger and for which the sentence is a life term of 25 years to life eligible for release on parole at a youth offender hearing by the board during the person’s 25th year of incarceration. This bill would require a person’s youth offender parole hearing to occur within 6 months of the first year they become eligible for a youth offender parole hearing under those provisions.</p>	
<u>AB 1061</u> <u>Gipson D</u>	Foster care.	<p>10/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 817, Statutes of 2019.</p>	<p>Prior to making a change in the placement of a dependent child, current law requires a social worker or placing agency to develop and implement a placement preservation strategy to preserve the dependent child’s placement. If a placement change is necessary, current law requires the social worker or placing agency to serve written notice of that change on specified parties at least 14 days prior to the change. Current law requires complaints under these provisions to be investigated by the Office of the State Foster Care Ombudsperson, and requires the office to provide the findings of an investigation to the county child welfare director or their designee. This bill would delete references to placing agencies, would extend the application of these provisions to probation-supervised youth in foster care placement, and make related changes.</p>	Watch
<u>AB 1068</u> <u>Cooley D</u>	Juveniles: dependency: child and family teams.	<p>10/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 780, Statutes of 2019.</p>	<p>Current law defines a “child and family team” as a group of individuals who are convened by a placing agency and engaged through a variety of team-based processes to help achieve positive outcomes for a child’s or youth’s safety, permanency, and well-being. Current law requires that information exchanged among the child and family team be received in confidence for the limited purpose of providing necessary services and supports to the child or youth and family and prohibits the information from being further disclosed, except as specified. This bill would define a “child and family team meeting” as a convening of all or some members of the child and family team and would require a child and family team meeting to conform to specified requirements, including, among others, that a notification be provided to the child or youth, their parent or guardian, and the caregiver upon the scheduling of a meeting, and that the child’s court-appointed educational rights holder be invited to the meeting under certain circumstances.</p>	Watch

<p><u>AB 1076</u> <u>Ting D</u></p>	<p>Criminal records: automatic relief.</p>	<p>10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 578, Statutes of 2019.</p>	<p>Would, commencing January 1, 2021, and subject to an appropriation in the annual Budget Act, require the Department of Justice, on a monthly basis, to review the records in the statewide criminal justice databases and to identify persons who are eligible for relief by having their arrest records, or their criminal conviction records, withheld from disclosure, as specified. The bill would require the department to grant relief to an eligible person, without requiring a petition or motion. The bill would not limit petitions, motions, or orders for relief, as required or authorized by any other law.</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 1117</u> <u>Grayson D</u></p>	<p>Peace officers: peer support.</p>	<p>10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 621, Statutes of 2019.</p>	<p>The California Emergency Services Act also authorizes the governing body of a city, county, city and county, or an official designated by ordinance adopted by that governing body, to proclaim a local emergency, as defined. This bill would enact the Law Enforcement Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Program. The bill would authorize a local or regional law enforcement agency to establish a peer support and crisis referral program to provide an agencywide network of peer representatives available to aid fellow employees on emotional or professional issues. The bill would, for purposes of the act, define a “peer support team” as a team composed of law enforcement personnel, as defined, who have completed a peer support training course, as specified.</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 1165</u> <u>Bauer-Kahan D</u></p>	<p>Child custody: supervised visitation.</p>	<p>10/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 823, Statutes of 2019.</p>	<p>Would require, beginning January 1, 2021, a professional supervised visitation provider to register as a trustline provider. The bill would require a professional provider to complete a Live Scan criminal background check before providing supervised visitation services. The bill would require a minimum number of the 24 hours of required training to be classroom instruction on specified subjects and further require, on and after January 1, 2021, a professional provider to complete training relating to child abuse reporting laws through an online training course required for mandated reporters that is provided by the State Department of Social Services.</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p><u>AB 1168</u> <u>Mullin D</u></p>	<p>Emergency services: text to 911.</p>	<p>9/5/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 237, Statutes of 2019.</p>	<p>The Warren-911-Emergency Assistance Act provides that each local public agency within its respective jurisdiction establish a basic system that automatically connects a person dialing 911 to an established public safety answering point through normal telephone service facilities, or to be part of such a system. The act requires the Office of Emergency Services to develop a plan and timeline of target dates for the testing, implementation and operation of a Next Generation 911 emergency coordination system, that includes a text to 911 service, throughout California. This bill would</p>	<p>Watch</p>

			require each public safety answering point to deploy a text to 911 service, no later than January 1, 2021, that is capable of accepting Short Message Service messages and Real-Time Text messages.	
<u>AB 1179</u> <u>Rubio,</u> <u>Blanca D</u>	Child custody: allegations of abuse: report.	7/30/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 127, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires the court to require an evaluation, investigation, or assessment in any contested proceeding involving child custody or visitation rights if the court has appointed a child custody evaluator or has referred the case for a full or partial court-connected evaluation, investigation, or assessment, and the court determines that there is a serious allegation of child sexual abuse, as defined. Current law authorizes a court to require an evaluation, investigation, or assessment if there is an allegation of child abuse in any other circumstances. This bill would require the Judicial Council, on or before January 1, 2021, to adopt a form to be used for an evaluation, investigation, or assessment conducted pursuant these provisions, and further require the form to be used on and after that date.	Watch
<u>AB 1215</u> <u>Ting D</u>	Law enforcement: facial recognition and other biometric surveillance.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 579, Statutes of 2019.	Would prohibit a law enforcement agency or law enforcement officer from installing, activating, or using any biometric surveillance system in connection with an officer camera or data collected by an officer camera. The bill would authorize a person to bring an action for equitable or declaratory relief against a law enforcement agency or officer who violates that prohibition.	Watch
<u>AB 1235</u> <u>Chu D</u>	Youth homelessness prevention centers.	9/26/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 341, Statutes of 2019.	The California Community Care Facilities Act provides for the licensing and regulation of runaway and homeless youth shelters by the State Department of Social Services. Current law requires these shelters to offer short-term, 24-hour, nonmedical care and supervision and personal services to homeless youth and runaway youth, as those terms are defined, who voluntarily enter the shelter. Current law defines "short-term" to mean no more than 21 consecutive days. This bill would rename these facilities "youth homelessness prevention centers," and would expand the categories of youth for which the center is required to provide services to also include youth at risk of homelessness and youth exhibiting status offender behavior, as those terms are defined by the bill.	Watch
<u>AB 1261</u> <u>Jones-</u> <u>Sawyer D</u>	Controlled substances: narcotics registry.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 580, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires a person who is convicted in this state, or in another state under certain circumstances, of specified offenses involving controlled substances to register with the chief of police of the city in which the person resides, or the sheriff of the county if that person resides in an unincorporated area, as specified. Current law makes registration consist of a statement in writing signed by the person, giving information required by the Department of Justice, and the fingerprints	Watch

			and photograph of the person. Current law requires, within 3 days after registering, the law enforcement agency to forward the statement, fingerprints, and photograph to the Department of Justice. A person who knowingly violates the registration requirement and related requirements is guilty of a misdemeanor. This bill would delete that registration requirement and make conforming changes.	
<u>AB 1292</u> <u>Bauer-Kahan</u> D	Firearms.	7/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 110, Statutes of 2019.	Current law prohibits a resident of this state from importing, bringing, or transporting into this state, a firearm purchased or otherwise obtained from outside of this state unless the firearm is first delivered to a dealer in this state for delivery to the resident. Current law excepts executors and administrators of estates from that prohibition if certain criteria are met. Existing law generally requires a person to possess a firearm safety certificate in order to possess a firearm. Current law excepts executors and administrators of estates from that requirement. This bill would specify that the transfer by operation of law provisions and the exceptions described above apply to a decedent's personal representative, a person acting pursuant to the person's power of attorney, a trustee, a conservator, a guardian or guardian ad litem, or a special administrator, as specified.	Watch
<u>AB 1301</u> <u>Cooley</u> D	Child welfare: adoption.	10/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 827, Statutes of 2019.	Would, beginning July 1, 2020, require county child welfare agencies to compensate licensed private adoption agencies for the costs of supporting families through the process of adopting children and nonminor dependents who are eligible for the Adoption Assistance Program. The bill would prescribe the amount and methodology for compensation, and would require the department to establish reimbursement procedures in consultation with the counties and private adoption agencies. After all reimbursements are made under these provisions, the bill would authorize a county to use any unspent funds for additional activities related to permanency, as specified. The bill would require the department to work with counties and representatives of adoption agencies to ensure a smooth transition under these provisions, as specified, and would require those entities to develop language for certain placement agreements, as specified.	Watch
<u>AB 1331</u> <u>Bonta</u> D	Criminal justice data.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 581, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires criminal justice agencies to compile records and data, including a summary of arrests, pretrial proceedings, the nature and disposition of criminal charges, sentencing, incarceration, rehabilitation, and release, about criminal offenders. Current law requires agencies to report this information to the Department of Justice for each arrest made, and requires the superior court	Watch

			that disposes of a case for which that information was reported to ensure that a disposition report of that case is reported to the department. This bill, commencing July 1, 2020, would require the information reported to include additional information related to identifying the arrestee. By increasing duties on local criminal justice agencies, the bill would create a state-mandated local program.	
AB 1352 Waldron R	Community mental health services: mental health boards.	10/2/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 460, Statutes of 2019.	The Bronzan-McCorquodale Act governs the organization and financing of community mental health services for persons with mental disorders in every county through locally administered and locally controlled community mental health programs. Current law generally requires each community mental health service to have a mental health board consisting of 10 to 15 members who are appointed by the governing body, and encourages counties to appoint individuals who have experience with and knowledge of the mental health system. This bill would state that a mental health board serves in an advisory role to the governing body, and would require the board to review and evaluate the local public mental health system and advise the governing body on community mental health services delivered by the local mental health agency or local behavioral health agency, as applicable.	Watch
AB 1354 Gipson D	Juvenile court school pupils: joint transition planning policy: individualized transition plan.	10/11/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 756, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires a county office of education and county probation department to have a joint transition planning policy that includes collaboration with relevant local educational agencies to coordinate education and services for youth in the juvenile justice system. This bill would require, as part of the joint transition planning policy, the county office of education to assign transition oversight responsibilities to existing county office of education personnel who will work in collaboration with the county probation department, as needed, and relevant local educational agencies to ensure that specified transition activities are completed for the pupil, and to facilitate the transfer of, among other things, complete and accurate education records and the pupil's individualized education plan, when a pupil enters the juvenile court school, as specified.	Support-in-Concept
AB 1390 Stone, Mark D	Deferred entry of judgment pilot program.	7/30/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State - Chapter 129, Statutes of 2019.	Current law authorizes, only until January 1, 2022, the Counties of Alameda, Butte, Napa, Nevada, Santa Clara, and Ventura to establish a pilot program to operate a deferred entry of judgment pilot program for eligible defendants. The pilot program authorizes a defendant to participate in the program within the county's juvenile hall if that person is charged with committing a felony offense, except as specified, pleads guilty to the charge or	Watch

			charges, and the probation department determines that the person meets specified requirements, including that the defendant is 18 years of age or older, but under 21 years of age on the date the offense was committed, is suitable for the program, and shows the ability to benefit from services generally reserved for delinquents. This bill would authorize a defendant who is 21 years of age or older, but under 25 years of age on the date the offense was committed, to participate in the program if approved by the multidisciplinary team established by the county.	
AB 1394 Daly D	Juveniles: sealing of records.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 582, Statutes of 2019.	Current law authorizes, with exceptions, a person who is the subject of a juvenile court record, or the county probation officer, to petition the court for the sealing of records relating to the person's case. Current law establishes the procedures that apply to the sealing of those records. This bill would prohibit a superior court or probation department from charging an applicant a fee for filing a petition to seal records under those provisions.	Watch
AB 1396 Oberholte R	Protective orders: elder and dependent adults.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 628, Statutes of 2019.	Would authorize the court to order a restrained party, if appropriate, to participate in mandatory clinical counseling or anger management courses, as specified, when the court issues a protective order for abuse involving acts of physical abuse or acts of deprivation by a care custodian of goods or services that are necessary to avoid physical harm or mental suffering. The bill would require the Judicial Council, on or before January 1, 2021, to revise or promulgate forms as necessary to effectuate these provisions.	Watch
AB 1421 Bauer-Kahan D	Supervised release: revocation.	7/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 111, Statutes of 2019.	Current law prohibits the revocation of supervision for failure of a person to make restitution imposed as a condition of supervision, unless the court determines that the defendant has willfully failed to pay and has the ability to pay. This bill would also prohibit the revocation of supervision for failure of a person to pay fines, fees, or assessments, unless the court makes the same determinations.	Watch
AB 1423 Wicks D	Transfers to juvenile court.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 583, Statutes of 2019.	Would authorize a person whose case was transferred from juvenile court to a court of criminal jurisdiction to file a motion to return the case to juvenile court for disposition under specified circumstances, including, among others, when the person is convicted at trial only of an offense that was not the basis for transfer from juvenile court to the criminal court, as specified. Upon return to the juvenile court, the bill would require the probation department to prepare a social study on the questions of proper disposition, and would impose additional duties on the clerk of the court with respect to notice and court records, as specified.	Watch
AB 1454	Trauma-informed	10/8/2019-	Would, commencing with the 2019–20 fiscal year	Watch

Jones-Sawyer D	diversion programs for youth.	Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 584, Statutes of 2019.	and thereafter, additionally authorize grants to be awarded to nonprofit organization applicants to administer the diversion programs, as specified. The bill would increase the maximum grant award to \$2,000,000 and would require an applicant to provide a cash or in-kind match, as specified. The bill would make the board solely responsible for administration oversight and accountability of the grant program, and would require the board to set aside up to \$250,000, exclusive of the 3% of funds set aside for administrative costs, to contract with a research firm or university to conduct a statewide evaluation of the grant program. By changing the purpose of existing appropriations for the program, the bill would make an appropriation.	
AB 1493 Ting D	Gun violence restraining order: petition.	10/11/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 733, Statutes of 2019.	Current law authorizes an immediate family member of a person or a law enforcement officer to request that a court, after notice and a hearing, issue a gun violence restraining order against that person. Under current law, the petitioner has the burden of proving, by clear and convincing evidence, that the subject of the petition poses a significant danger of causing personal injury and that the order is necessary to prevent personal injury, as specified. This bill would, commencing September 1, 2020, authorize the subject of the petition to file a form with the court relinquishing the subject's firearm rights and stating that the subject is not contesting the petition. If the subject files that form, the bill would require the court to issue a gun violence restraining order, as specified, and to provide notice of the order to all parties. The bill would make conforming changes.	Watch
AB 1537 Cunningham R	Juvenile records: inspection: prosecutorial discovery.	7/1/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 50, Statutes of 2019.	Current law generally authorizes a person who is the subject of a juvenile court record, or the county probation officer, to petition the court to seal the person's records, including records of arrest, relating to the person's case in the custody of the juvenile court and the probation officer and any other agencies, including law enforcement agencies and public officials. Current law generally authorizes, when juvenile court records have been sealed pursuant to either of those provisions and upon request of the prosecuting attorney, the records to be accessed, inspected, or utilized by the prosecuting attorney in order to meet a statutory or constitutional obligation to disclose favorable or exculpatory evidence to a defendant in a criminal case in which the prosecuting attorney has reason to believe that access to the record is necessary to meet the disclosure obligation. This bill would require the prosecuting attorney requesting access to those sealed records to specify the date by which the records are needed.	Watch
AB 1600	Discovery: personnel	10/8/2019-	Would limit the written notice requirement with	Watch

Kalra D	records: peace officers and custodial officers.	Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State - Chapter 585, Statutes of 2019.	respect to motions pertaining to the discovery of peace or custodial officer personnel records to civil actions. The bill would prescribe an accelerated timeframe for requesting peace or custodial officer personnel records in criminal actions. The bill would require written notice to be served and filed at least 10 court days before the appointed hearing, all papers opposing a motion to be filed with the court at least 5 court days before the hearing, and all reply papers to be filed at least 2 court days before the hearing. The bill would also require proof of service of the notice to be filed no later than 5 court days before the hearing. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	
AB 1603 Wicks D	California Violence Intervention and Prevention Grant Program.	10/11/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State - Chapter 735, Statutes of 2019.	Would codify the establishment of the California Violence Intervention and Prevention Grant Program and the authority and duties of the board in administering the program, including the selection criteria for grants and reporting requirements to the Legislature. The bill would increase the maximum grant amount to \$1,500,000. This bill would repeal this program on January 1, 2025. This bill contains other existing laws.	Watch
AB 1618 Jones-Sawyer D	Plea bargaining: benefits of later enactments.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State - Chapter 586, Statutes of 2019.	Would make a provision of a plea bargain that requires a defendant to generally waive future benefits of legislative enactments, initiatives, appellate decisions, or other changes in the law that may retroactively apply after the date of the plea, void as against public policy.	Watch
AB 1668 Carrillo D	California Conservation Corps: Education and Employment Reentry Program.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State - Chapter 587, Statutes of 2019.	Current law establishes the California Conservation Camp program to provide for the training and use of inmates and wards assigned to conservation camps to perform public conservation projects, including, but not limited to, forest fire prevention and control, forest and watershed management, recreation, fish and game management, soil conservation, and forest and watershed revegetation. This bill would authorize the director of the California Conservation Corps to establish the Education and Employment Reentry Program within the corps and to enroll in the program formerly incarcerated individuals who successfully served on a California Conservation Camp program crew and were recommended for participation as a program member by the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection and the Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation.	Watch
AB 1699 Levine D	Telecommunications: mobile internet service providers: first response agencies: emergencies.	10/2/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State - Chapter 398,	Would authorize a first response agency to submit a request to a mobile internet service provider to not impair or degrade the lawful internet traffic of an account used by the agency in response to an emergency, and would require a first response agency that acts pursuant to that authorization to	Watch

		Statutes of 2019.	notify the mobile internet service provider upon the account no longer being used by the agency in response to the emergency. The bill would prohibit the mobile internet service provider, upon receiving that request, from impairing or degrading the lawful internet traffic of the first response agency's account until the earlier of either the time when the account is no longer being used by the agency in response to the emergency or the end of the emergency, subject to reasonable network management.	
AB 1735 Bauer-Kahan D	Evidence: privileges: human trafficking caseworker-victim privilege.	8/30/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 197, Statutes of 2019.	Current law recognizes various evidentiary privileges, including a victim-caseworker privilege, under which a human trafficking victim may refuse to disclose, or may prevent another's disclosure of, a confidential communication made to a human trafficking caseworker, as defined. Current law also sets forth circumstances under which a court may compel the disclosure of information otherwise protected by this privilege, and defines various terms for these purposes. This bill would allow a human trafficking victim's current caseworker to claim the privilege, even if that caseworker was not the victim's caseworker at the time the confidential communication was made, thereby expanding the scope of the privilege.	Watch
AB 1747 Gonzalez D	California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System: immigration.	10/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 789, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires the Department of Justice to maintain a statewide telecommunications system for use by law enforcement agencies. Current law also requires the Attorney General, upon the advice of an advisory committee, to adopt policies, practices and procedures, and conditions of qualification for connection to the system. Current law, the California Values Act, generally prohibits, with exceptions, a California law enforcement agency from using its moneys or personnel to investigate, detain, or arrest persons for immigration enforcement purposes. This bill would, commencing January 1, 2020, consistent with the California Values Act, prohibit subscribers to the system from using information other than criminal history information transmitted through the system for immigration enforcement purposes, as defined.	Watch
AB 1817 Committee on Judiciary	Family law omnibus.	7/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 115, Statutes of 2019.	Current law establishes a Domestic Violence Restraining Order System for purposes of registering restraining and protective orders and injunctions, as specified, which is administered by the Department of Justice. This bill would rename the Domestic Violence Restraining Order System the California Restraining and Protective Order System.	Watch
AB 1819 Committee on Judiciary	Inspection of public records: use of requester's reproduction	10/9/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by	The California Public Records Act requires state and local agencies to make public records available upon receipt of a request for a copy that reasonably describes an identifiable record not otherwise	Watch

	equipment.	Secretary of State - Chapter 695, Statutes of 2019.	exempt from disclosure, and upon payment of fees to cover costs. This bill would grant a requester who inspects a disclosable record on the premises of the agency the right to use the requester's equipment on those premises, without being charged any fees or costs, to photograph or otherwise copy or reproduce the record in a manner that does not require the equipment to make physical contact with the record, unless the means of copy or reproduction would result in damage to the record, or unauthorized access to a computer system of the agency or secured network, as specified.	
AJR 4 Aguiar-Curry D	Firearms.	6/27/2019- Chaptered by Secretary of State- Chapter 103, Statutes of 2019	This measure would urge Congress to swiftly enact House Resolution 8, the Bipartisan Background Checks Act of 2019, to require background checks for all firearm sales.	Watch
AJR 5 Jones-Sawyer D	Firearm safety.	8/13/2019- Chaptered by Secretary of State- Chapter 127, Statutes of 2019	This measure would urge the federal government to use California as an example for firearm safety and for stronger firearm laws to protect all citizens. The measure would also urge the federal government to pass legislation that would provide universal firearm safety regulation throughout the nation.	Watch
SB 22 Leyva D	Rape kits: testing.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 588, Statutes of 2019.	Would require a law enforcement agency to either submit sexual assault forensic evidence to a crime lab or ensure that a rapid turnaround DNA program is in place, as specified, and require a crime lab to either process the evidence or transmit the evidence to another crime lab for processing, as specified. Because this bill would impose a higher level of service on local law enforcement agencies in processing that evidence, it would impose a state-mandated local program.	Watch
SB 34 Wiener D	Cannabis: donations.	10/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 837, Statutes of 2019.	Current administrative law prohibits a cannabis retailer licensee from providing free cannabis goods to any person or allowing individuals who are not employed by the retailer to provide free cannabis goods to any person on the licensed premises. Current administrative law provides an exception to this prohibition for specified medicinal retailer and microbusiness licensees to provide access to medicinal cannabis patients who have difficulty accessing medicinal cannabis goods, as specified. This bill, the Dennis Peron and Brownie Mary Act, would similarly authorize, on and after a specified date, licensees that are authorized to make retail sales to provide free cannabis or cannabis products to a medicinal cannabis patient or the patient's primary caregiver if specified requirements are met, including that the cannabis or cannabis products otherwise meet specified requirements of MAUCRSA.	Watch
SB 36	Pretrial release: risk	10/8/2019-	Current law, beginning October 1, 2019, and stayed	Watch

Hertzberg D	assessment tools.	Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State. Chapter 589, Statutes of 2019.	pending voter approval under the powers of referendum pursuant to the California Constitution, requires Pretrial Assessment Services, as defined, to assess a person arrested or detained, as specified, according to a risk assessment instrument, as defined. Current law requires Pretrial Assessment Services to release from confinement specified individuals based on that risk assessment, and, if the person is not released, to submit that assessment to the court for use in its pretrial release or detention decision. This bill would require each pretrial services agency that uses a pretrial risk assessment tool to validate the tool by January 1, 2021, and on a regular basis thereafter, but no less frequently than once every 3 years, and to make specified information regarding the tool, including validation studies, publicly available.	
SB 40 Wiener D	Conservatorship: serious mental illness and substance use disorders.	10/2/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State. Chapter 467, Statutes of 2019.	Would authorize the court to establish a temporary conservatorship for a period of 28 days or less if the court is satisfied that the person is presently incapable of caring for the person's own health and well-being due to a serious mental illness and substance use disorder, as those terms are defined by the bill, the person has been detained 8 times for evaluation and treatment in a 12-month period pursuant to existing law authorizing the detention of mentally disordered persons who are a danger to self or others or gravely disabled, without reference to evidence of frequent detention for evaluation and treatment, the temporary conservatorship is necessary, and the county health director, or their designee, has met specified requirements relating to those previous detentions.	Watch
SB 61 Portantino D	Firearms: transfers.	10/11/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapters by Secretary of State. Chapter 737, Statutes of 2019.	Current law, subject to exceptions, prohibits a person from making more than one application to purchase a handgun within any 30-day period. A violation of that prohibition is a crime. Existing law prohibits a firearms dealer from delivering a handgun to a person whenever the dealer is notified by the Department of Justice that within the preceding 30-day period the purchaser has made another application to purchase a handgun that does not fall within an exception to the 30-day prohibition. A violation of that delivery prohibition by the dealer is a crime. Would, effective July 1, 2021, make the 30-day prohibition and the dealer delivery prohibition described above also applicable to semiautomatic centerfire rifles.	Watch
SB 80 Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review	Human services omnibus.	6/27/2019- Chapters by Secretary of State. Chapter 27, Statutes of 2019	Current law generally requires parents to support their minor children and requires each county to maintain a local child support agency with responsibility for promptly and effectively enforcing child support obligations. Current law establishes within the state's child support program a quality assurance and performance improvement	Watch

			<p>program. Under this program, the 10 counties with the best performance standards receive an additional percentage of the state’s share of those counties’ collections that are used to reduce or repay aid that is paid under the California Work Opportunity and Responsibility to Kids (CalWORKs) program. Current law suspends the payment of this incentive percentage for specified fiscal years. This bill would additionally suspend the payment of this incentive percentage for the 2019–20 and 2020–21 fiscal years.</p>	
<p>SB 94 Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review</p>	<p>Public Safety: omnibus.</p>	<p>6/27/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 25, Statutes of 2019.</p>	<p>Current law generally makes records of investigations conducted by any state or local police agency exempt from specified requirements of the California Public Records Act, except that a video or audio recording that relates to a critical incident, as defined, may only be withheld temporarily under specified circumstances. If disclosure of a recording would violate the reasonable expectation of privacy of a subject of the recording that cannot be adequately protected through redaction, current law requires the recording to be disclosed, upon request, to the subject of the recording whose privacy is to be protected. If disclosure to the person whose privacy is to be protected would substantially interfere with a criminal or administrative investigation, current law requires the agency to provide the requester with the specific basis for making that determination. Under these circumstances, current law purports to require the agency to provide the video or audio recording and allows the agency to withhold the recording for 45 days, subject to extensions. This bill would instead require the agency to provide the estimated date for the disclosure of the video or audio recording under these circumstances, and would allow the agency to withhold the recording for the 45 day period, subject to extensions, as provided by existing law.</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p>SB 136 Wiener D</p>	<p>Sentencing.</p>	<p>10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 590, Statutes of 2019.</p>	<p>Current law imposes an additional 3-year sentence for each prior separate prison term served by a defendant where the prior and current offense was a violent felony, as defined. For other felonies, current law imposes an additional one-year term for each prior separate prison term or county jail felony term, except under specified circumstances. This bill would instead impose that additional one-year term served for each prior separate prison term served for a conviction of a sexually violent offense, as defined.</p>	<p>Watch</p>
<p>SB 141 Bates R</p>	<p>Parole: sexually violent offenses: validated risk assessment.</p>	<p>9/5/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State.</p>	<p>Current law grants the Board of Parole Hearings the power to grant parole to prisoners. This bill would, if an inmate has a prior conviction for a sexually violent offense, as defined, require the board to consider the results of a comprehensive risk</p>	<p>Watch</p>

		Chapter 242, Statutes of 2019.	assessment for sex offenders in considering parole.	
SB 164 McGuire D	Infractions: community service.	7/30/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 138, Statutes of 2019.	Would authorize a person who has been convicted of an infraction to elect to perform that community service in the county in which the infraction violation occurred, the county of the person's residence, or any other county to which the person has substantial ties if the court determines that the person has shown that payment of the total fine would pose a hardship on the person and the person has elected to perform community service in lieu of paying the total fine. The bill would require the court to retain jurisdiction until the community service has been verified as complete regardless of the county in which the person elects to perform the community service.	Watch
SB 172 Portantino D	Firearms.	10/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 840, Statutes of 2019.	Current law, subject to exceptions, generally requires the loan of a firearm to be conducted by a firearms dealer. This bill would authorize the temporary transfer of a firearm without a firearms dealer's participation to a person who is 18 years of age or older for safekeeping to prevent it from being used to attempt suicide, as specified. The bill would also authorize the loan of a firearm without a firearms dealer's participation under other specified circumstances and if certain conditions are met, as specified.	Watch
SB 192 Hertzberg D	Posse comitatus.	8/30/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 204, Statutes of 2019.	Current law makes an able-bodied person 18 years of age or older who neglects or refuses to join the posse comitatus or power of the county, by neglecting or refusing to aid and assist, as described, in making an arrest, retaking into custody a person who has escaped from arrest or imprisonment, or preventing a breach of the peace or the commission of any criminal offense, after being lawfully required by a uniformed peace officer or a judge, guilty of a misdemeanor and subject to punishment by a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$1,000. This bill would repeal that provision and make conforming changes.	Watch
SB 230 Caballero D	Law enforcement: use of deadly force: training: policies.	9/13/2019- Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 285, Statutes of 2019.	Would, by no later than January 1, 2021, require each law enforcement agency to maintain a policy that provides guidelines on the use of force, utilizing deescalation techniques and other alternatives to force when feasible, specific guidelines for the application of deadly force, and factors for evaluating and reviewing all use of force incidents, among other things. The bill would require each agency to make their use of force policy accessible to the public. By imposing additional duties on local agencies, this bill would create a state-mandated local program.	Support
SB 233 Wiener D	Immunity from arrest.	7/30/2019- Approved by the Governor.	Would prohibit the arrest of a person for a misdemeanor violation of the CUCSA or specified sex work crimes, if that person is reporting that they	Watch

		Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 141, Statutes of 2019.	are a victim of, or a witness to, specified crimes. The bill would also state that possession of condoms in any amount does not provide a basis for probable cause for arrest for specified sex work crimes.	
SB 259 Nielsen R	Department of Justice: crime statistics reporting.	9/5/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 245, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires the Department of Justice to annually present a report to the Governor containing the statewide criminal statistics of the preceding year. Current law also requires specified local agencies, including chiefs of police and sheriffs, to report statistical data to the department at the time and in the manner the department prescribes. This bill would require that report, commencing with the report that includes data from 2022, to the extent the data is available, to include statistics on lewd or lascivious felonies, as defined, consistent with those reported for rape.	Watch
SB 269 Bradford D	Wrongful convictions.	10/2/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 473, Statutes of 2019.	Current law authorizes a person who has been convicted of a felony, imprisoned or incarcerated, and granted a pardon because either the crime was not committed or the person was innocent of the crime to present a claim against the state to the board for the pecuniary injury sustained by the person through the erroneous conviction and imprisonment or incarceration. Under current law, if a court grants a writ of habeas corpus but does not find the person factually innocent or if the court vacates a judgment due to new evidence of innocence, the person may move for a finding of factual innocence by a preponderance of the evidence. Current law requires the board, under any of those circumstances, if the court makes a finding that the petitioner has proven their factual innocence, upon application by the person, and without a hearing, to recommend to the Legislature that an appropriation be made and the claim paid, as specified. This bill would make those provisions applicable to cases in which newly discovered evidence of actual innocence exists that requires vacation of a conviction.	Watch
SB 273 Rubio D	Domestic violence.	10/7/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 546, Statutes of 2019.	Current law makes the infliction of corporal injury resulting in a traumatic condition upon specified victims, including, among others, the offender's spouse or former spouse, punishable by imprisonment in the state prison for 2, 3, or 4 years, or in a county jail for not more than one year, or a fine of up to \$6,000, or by both that fine and imprisonment. This bill would authorize prosecution for that crime to be commenced within 5 years. The bill would apply to crimes that are committed on or after January 1, 2020, and to crimes for which the statute of limitations that was in effect prior to January 1, 2020, has not run as of January 1, 2020.	Watch
SB 304	Criminal procedure:	8/30/2019-	Current law provides that when more than one	Watch

Bill D	prosecutorial jurisdiction in multi-jurisdictional elder abuse cases.	Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 206, Statutes of 2019.	violation of certain specified offenses occurs in more than one jurisdictional territory, jurisdiction for any of those offenses and any other properly joinable offenses may be in any jurisdiction where at least one of the offenses occurred if all district attorneys in the counties with jurisdiction over any of the offenses agree to the venue.This bill would create a similar authority for the prosecution of specified financial elder abuse felony offenses occurring in multiple jurisdictions.	
SB 310 Skinner D	Jury service.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 591, Statutes of 2019.	The Trial Jury Selection and Management Act prohibits persons who have been convicted of malfeasance in office or a felony, and whose civil rights have not been restored, from being eligible and qualified to be a prospective trial juror. This bill would delete the prohibition relative to persons who have been convicted of a felony from being eligible and qualified to be a prospective trial juror, and instead would prohibit persons while they are incarcerated in any prison or jail, persons who have been convicted of a felony and are currently on parole, postrelease community supervision, felony probation, or mandated supervision for the conviction of a felony, and persons who are currently required to register as a sex offender based on a felony conviction.	Watch
SB 338 Hueso D	Senior and disability victimization: law enforcement policies.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 641, Statutes of 2019.	Would eliminate the duty imposed on long-term care ombudsman programs to revise or include in their policy manuals specified information regarding elder and dependent adult abuse. The bill would also authorize local law enforcement agencies to adopt a policy regarding senior and disability victimization, as defined. The bill would require, if a local law enforcement agency adopts or revises a policy regarding elder or dependent adult abuse or senior and disability victimization on or after April 13, 2021, that the policy include specified provisions, including provisions related to enforcement and training. The bill would also make clarifying changes to provisions related to the entities that have jurisdiction to investigate elder and dependent adult abuse.	Watch
SB 375 Durazo D	Victims of crime: application for compensation.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 592, Statutes of 2019.	Current law provides for the compensation of victims and derivative victims of specified types of crimes by the California Victim Compensation Board from the Restitution Fund, a continuously appropriated fund, for specified losses suffered as a result of those crimes. Current law requires an application for compensation to be filed within 3 years of the date of the crime, 3 years after the victim attains 21 years of age, or 3 years from the discovery that an injury or death had been sustained as a direct result of the crime, whichever is later. This bill would extend the time to file an application for compensation from 3 years to 7	Watch

			years under each of these circumstances. The bill would also make a conforming change and delete an obsolete provision	
SB 376 Portantino D	Firearms: transfers.	10/11/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State. Chapter 738, Statutes of 2019.	Current law generally requires any person who sells, leases, or transfers firearms to be a licensed dealer, as specified. Current law exempts infrequent sales, leases, and transfers from this requirement. Current law generally prohibits the purchase or receipt of a firearm by, or sale, transfer, or loan of a firearm, to, a person who does not have a firearm safety certificate. Current law exempts from this requirement, the infrequent loan of a firearm. Current law defines “infrequent” for purposes of this exemption to mean less than 6 handgun transactions per calendar year, or, for firearms other than handguns, an indefinite number of transactions that are “occasional and without regularity.” This bill would redefine “infrequent” to mean less than 6 firearm transactions per calendar year, regardless of the type of firearm, and no more than 50 total firearms within those transactions	Watch
SB 377 McGuire D	Juveniles: psychotropic medications: medical information.	10/7/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State. Chapter 547, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires the Medical Board of California to review specified data provided by the State Department of Health Care Services and the State Department of Social Services regarding Medi-Cal physicians and their prescribing patterns of psychotropic medications and related services for dependents and wards of the juvenile court in order to determine if any potential violations of law or excessive prescribing of psychotropic medications inconsistent with the standard of care exist and, if warranted, to conduct an investigation. This bill would require, by September 1, 2020, the forms developed by the Judicial Council to include a request for authorization by the child or the child’s attorney to release the child’s medical information to the Medical Board of California in order to ascertain whether there is excessive prescribing of psychotropic medication inconsistent with a specified standard of care.	Watch
SB 385 Jones R	Private Investigator Act.	9/20/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State. Chapter 326, Statutes of 2019.	The Private Investigator Act prohibits a person from engaging in the business of a private investigator, acting or assuming to act as a private investigator, or representing that the person is licensed as a private investigator unless that person is licensed by the Department of Consumer Affairs, and makes a violation of this provision punishable as an infraction, as specified. This bill would instead make a violation of that prohibition punishable as a misdemeanor.	Watch
SB 389 Hertzberg D	Mental Health Services Act.	8/30/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chapered by Secretary of State.	Would amend the Mental Health Services Act to authorize the counties to use MHSA moneys to provide services to persons who are participating in a presentencing or postsentencing diversion program or who are on parole, probation,	Support

		Chapter 209, Statutes of 2019.	postrelease community supervision, or mandatory supervision. By authorizing a new use of continuously appropriated moneys, this bill would make an appropriation. The bill would state the finding of the Legislature that this act is consistent with, and furthers the intent of, the Mental Health Services Act.	
SB 394 Skinner D	Criminal procedure: diversion for primary caregivers of minor children.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 593, Statutes of 2019.	Would authorize the presiding judge of the superior court, in consultation with the presiding juvenile court judge and criminal court judges and together with the prosecuting entity and the public defender, to create a pretrial diversion program for defendants who are primary caregivers of a child under 18 years of age, as specified, who are charged with a misdemeanor or a nonserious, nonviolent felony, and who are not being placed into diversion for a crime alleged to have been committed against a person for whom the defendant is the primary caregiver. The bill would set the period of diversion at not less than 6 months, but not more than 24 months. The bill would require the defendant to participate in classes relating to subjects that may include parenting, anger management, and financial literacy, and to receive services relating to housing, employment, and drug, alcohol, and mental health treatment, among others.	Watch
SB 399 Atkins D	Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 594, Statutes of 2019.	Current law establishes in the Department of Justice a Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training. Current law requires the Governor to appoint members to the commission, 2 of whom are required to be members of the public who are not peace officers. This bill would require the President pro Tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the Assembly to each appoint a member of the commission who is not a peace officer and who has demonstrated expertise in specified areas.	Watch
SB 436 Hurtado D	Office of Child Abuse Prevention.	10/2/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 476, Statutes of 2019.	Under current law, the Office of Child Abuse Prevention is established in the State Department of Social Services and is required to apply for federal funding for the administration of its functions. Current law requires the office to use those funds to undertake specified activities, including, among other things, assisting and providing funds for the coordination of child abuse prevention programs. This bill would also require the office to use those funds to support coordination and sharing of best practices implemented by family resource centers. The bill would define a “family resource center” for the purposes of these provisions.	Watch
SB 439 Umberg D	Criminal procedure: wiretapping: authorization and disclosure.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 645,	Current law prohibits a peace officer or federal law enforcement officer from disclosing or using the contents of intercepted wire or electronic communications relating to crimes other than certain enumerated crimes, such as murder, human trafficking, and violent felonies, and those specified	Watch

		Statutes of 2019.	in the order of authorization, except to prevent the commission of a public offense. This bill would authorize a peace officer or federal law enforcement officer to disclose those contents if they relate to grand theft involving a firearm or maliciously exploding or igniting a destructive device or any explosive causing bodily injury, mayhem or great bodily injury, or death.	
SB 459 Galgiani D	Crimes: rape: great bodily injury.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 646, Statutes of 2019.	Would make the 5-year sentence enhancement for the infliction of great bodily injury applicable to rape committed against a victim who is the perpetrator's spouse who was prevented from resisting by any intoxicating or anesthetic substance, or a controlled substance. By increasing the punishment for crimes, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	Watch
SB 495 Durazo D	Child custody.	10/7/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 551, Statutes of 2019.	Would prohibit the court from considering the sex, gender identity, gender expression, or sexual orientation of a parent, legal guardian, or relative in determining the best interests of a child for the purpose of granting custody, and would make related findings.	Watch
SB 557 Jones R	Criminal proceedings: mental competence: expert reports.	9/5/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 251, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires a defendant found mentally incompetent to stand trial to undergo evaluation by the community program director, the regional center director, or the county mental health director, and requires the evaluator to make written recommendations to the court, prior to the court ordering the defendant to undergo outpatient treatment or be committed to the state hospital, a developmental center, a residential facility, or any other treatment facility. If the director who evaluates the defendant determines that the defendant has regained mental competence, Current law requires the director to immediately certify that fact to the court by filing a certificate of restoration with the court. This bill would make all documents submitted to a court pursuant to this process presumptively confidential, except as otherwise provided by law.	Watch
SB 591 Galgiani D	Incarcerated persons: mental health evaluations.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 649, Statutes of 2019.	Would require that psychiatrists or psychologists from the State Department of State Hospitals, the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, or the Board of Parole Hearings be given access to prisoners being temporarily held at a county correctional facility, a county medical facility, or a state-assigned mental health provider.	Watch
SB 620 Portantino D	Criminal offender record information: referral of persons on supervised release.	10/8/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 650, Statutes of 2019.	Would authorize specified local law enforcement agencies to furnish limited information about persons on supervised release within their jurisdiction to a county, city, city and county, or nonprofit organization that provides transitional services to persons on supervised release. The bill would require a person on supervised release to be	Watch

			notified that they may consent to the release of their information for this purpose and would allow those persons to opt in to having their information released. The bill would require the law enforcement agency, prior to releasing any information, to contact the supervising agency, as specified, to verify whether the person has opted-in, and, in the case of persons on probation, to subsequently notify the probation department of any referral given to a service provider.	
SB 716 Mitchell D	Juveniles: delinquency: postsecondary academic and career technical education.	10/12/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 857, Statutes of 2019.	Would require a county probation department to ensure that juveniles with a high school diploma or California high school equivalency certificate who are detained in, or committed to, a juvenile hall, ranch, camp, or forestry camp have access to, and can choose to participate in, public postsecondary academic and career technical courses and programs offered online, and for which they are eligible based on eligibility criteria and course schedules of the public postsecondary education campus providing the course or program.	Support-in-Concept
SB 781 Committee on Public Safety	Public Safety Omnibus.	9/5/2019- Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 256, Statutes of 2019.	Current law requires an employer to disclose employment information, as defined, about an applicant not currently employed as a peace officer or an applicant for a position other than sworn peace officer within a law enforcement agency. Current law requires the employment information to be kept confidential, but authorizes disclosure between the initial requesting law enforcement agency and another authorized law enforcement agency that is also conducting a peace officer background investigation. This bill would authorize disclosure of employment information by the initial requesting law enforcement agency and another authorized law enforcement agency conducting a background investigation on a law enforcement agency applicant that is not a peace officer.	Watch
SCR 25 Galgiani D	California Peace Officers' Memorial Day.	5/23/2019- Chaptered by Secretary of State- Chapter 67, Statutes of 2019	This measure would designate Monday, May 6, 2019, as California Peace Officers' Memorial Day, urge all Californians to use that day to honor California peace officers, and recognize specified California peace officers who were killed in defense of their communities.	Watch

Bills Vetoed by the Governor

Measure	Topic	Status	Summary	Position
AB 16 Rivas, Luz D	Homeless children and youths: reporting.	10/13/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Under current state law, public schools, including charter schools, and county offices of education are required to immediately enroll a homeless child or youth seeking enrollment, except as specified, and a local educational agency liaison for homeless children and	Watch

			youths is required to ensure that public notice of the educational rights of homeless children and youths is disseminated in schools within the liaison's local educational agency that provide services pursuant to the act. This bill would require a local educational agency to ensure that each school within the local educational agency identifies all homeless children and youths enrolled at the school, and would also require the local educational agency to annually report to the State Department of Education the number of homeless children and youths enrolled.	
AB 166 Gabriel D	Medi-Cal: violence preventive services.	10/13/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Would require the Department of Health Care Services to establish, no later than January 1, 2021, a violence intervention pilot program at a minimum of 9 sites, including at least one site in 9 specified counties, and would require the department to consult with identified stakeholders, such as professionals in the community violence intervention field, for purposes of establishing the pilot program.	Watch
AB 294 Rodriguez D	Correctional facilities: gassing.	10/13/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Would authorize an officer or employee who is the victim of a reported or suspected gassing attack to request that the inmate involved with the attack be tested for hepatitis and tuberculosis, as specified. The bill would require a state prison facility and a county jail to make protective gear, such as clothing, goggles, and shields, readily available to staff.	Watch
AB 314 Bonta D	Public employment: labor relations: release time.	10/12/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Would prescribe requirements relating to release time that would apply to all of the public employers and employees subject to the acts described above and would generally repeal the provisions relating to release time in those acts. The bill would require these public employers to grant a reasonable number of employee representatives of the exclusive representative reasonable time off without loss of compensation or other benefits for specified activities. This requirement would apply to activities to investigate and process grievances or otherwise enforce a collective bargaining agreement or memorandum of understanding; to meet and confer or meet and negotiate with the public employer on matters within the scope of representation, including preparation for the activities specified in these provisions; to testify or appear as the designated representative of the exclusive representative in conferences, hearings, or other proceedings before the Public Employment Relations Board or similar bodies, as specified; to testify or appear as the designated representative of the exclusive representative before the governing	Watch

			body of the public employer, or a personnel, civil service, or merit commission, among others, and to serve as a representative of the exclusive representative for new employee orientations. The bill would require the exclusive representative to provide reasonable notice requesting an absence in this connection. The bill would specify that its provisions prescribe minimum release time rights and would prescribe requirements regarding the relation of its provisions to other labor agreements that address release time. The bill would prohibit the Public Employment Relations Board from enforcing these provisions with regard to public transit workers that are not otherwise subject to the board's jurisdiction.	
<u>AB 340</u> <u>Irwin D</u>	Firearms: armed prohibited persons.	10/12/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	The Budget Act of 2019 appropriated \$3,000,000 to the Counties of Alameda, San Diego, Santa Cruz, and Ventura to support local law enforcement activities related to seizing weapons and ammunition from persons who are prohibited from possessing them through a Gun Violence Reduction Pilot Program. This bill would require the Counties of Alameda, San Diego, Santa Cruz, and Ventura on or before 15 months after receiving these funds appropriated in the Budget Act of 2019, to submit a report to the Department of Justice and to the Legislature containing specified information relating to the efficacy of their programs.	Watch
<u>AB 344</u> <u>Calderon D</u>	New Beginnings California Program.	10/13/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Would establish the New Beginnings California Program in the Department of Community Services and Development and create the New Beginnings California Account for the purpose of providing matching grant funding to cities and local continuum of care programs to implement, expand, or continue employment programs for homeless individuals, as specified. The bill would define city for purposes of the bill to include a city, county, or a city and county. The bill would require qualifying employment programs to, among other things, connect program participants with employment and pay them an hourly wage that is at or above minimum wage.	Watch
<u>AB 603</u> <u>Melendez R</u>	Firearms: retired peace officers.	9/12/2019-Consideration of Governor's veto stricken from file.	The current Safety For All Act of 2016, approved as an initiative statute at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, makes it a crime for a person, commencing July 1, 2017, to possess a large-capacity magazine. The current act exempts from that prohibition the possession of a large-capacity magazine by honorably retired sworn peace officers. The existing act authorizes the Legislature to amend	Watch

			its provisions by statute approved by a 55% vote of each house if the amendments are consistent with, and further the intent of, the initiative statute. This bill would amend that act by redefining honorably retired to include a member of the University of California Police Department who has qualified for and accepted Duty Disability Income or an equivalent status pursuant to the University of California Retirement Plan.	
AB 734 Maienschein D	Resource families: supportive services pilot program.	10/13/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Would require the State Department of Social Services to establish and facilitate a pilot program in up to 5 counties that voluntarily apply and are selected by the department, to increase placement stability for foster youth and facilitate greater resource family retention through the provision of strengths-based, skills-based, trauma-informed coaching. The bill would specify that the pilot program is not intended to supplant any existing obligation on counties to provide core services, or to duplicate services already available to foster children in the community.	Watch
AB 803 Gipson D	Peace Officer Peer Support Labor Management Committee.	10/9/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to establish a Peace Officer Peer Support Labor Management Committee tasked with crafting, updating, and monitoring the implementation of a standardized statewide peace officer policy for the department's peer support program to provide substantive assistance to the peace officers employed by the department. The bill would require the committee to be composed of an equal number of representatives of the employer and peace officer employees, and would require the members of the committee to be selected and hold their first meeting on or before July 1, 2020. The bill would require the policy to address, among other things, the selection process and training for peer support team members, and guidelines for the types of communication that would remain confidential within the peer support program.	Watch
AB 859 Maienschein D	Juveniles: dependency: judicial caseloads.	10/12/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Would require, by January 1, 2021, the State Department of Social Services, in consultation with the Judicial Council, to convene a stakeholder group to make recommendations by January 1, 2022, related to juvenile dependency proceedings	Watch
AB 927 Jones-Sawyer D	Crimes: fines and fees: defendant's ability to pay.	10/9/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Would require a court imposing a fine, fee, or assessment related to a criminal or juvenile proceeding involving a misdemeanor or a felony to make a finding, as specified, that the defendant or minor has the ability to pay, as defined. The bill would require that a defendant	Watch

			or minor be presumed to not have the ability to pay if the defendant or minor is homeless, lives in a shelter, or lives in a transitional living facility, receives need-based public assistance, is very low income, or is sentenced to state prison for an indeterminate term or a term of life without the possibility of parole. The bill would also specify factors establishing inability to pay, as specified.	
AB 1009 Gabriel D	Firearms: reports to the Department of Justice.	10/12/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Current law generally requires firearms transactions to be processed through a licensed firearms dealer. Current law generally requires firearms transactions that are exempt from the dealer requirement to be reported to the Department of Justice, either by mail or in person, or in a format prescribed by the department. This bill would, for various firearm transactions, as specified, instead allow the report to be made only by mail or via the California Firearms Application Reporting System (CFARS), and would, for reports submitted by mail, allow the Department of Justice to charge the person making the report a surcharge, not to exceed \$20, for the reasonable cost of receiving and processing the report.	Watch
AB 1184 Gloria D	Public records: writing transmitted by electronic mail: retention.	10/13/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Would, unless a longer retention period is required by statute or regulation, or established by the Secretary of State pursuant to the State Records Management Act, require a public agency, for purposes of the California Public Records Act, to retain and preserve for at least 2 years every public record, as defined, that is transmitted by electronic mail.	Watch
AB 1221 Cooley D	Children's advocacy centers.	9/19/2019- Consideration of Governor's veto stricken from file.	Would authorize a county, in order to implement a multidisciplinary response to investigate reports involving child physical or sexual abuse, exploitation, or maltreatment, to use a children's advocacy center that includes representatives from specified disciplines and provides dedicated child-focused settings for interviews and other services. The bill would authorize members of a multidisciplinary team associated with a children's advocacy center to share with each other information in their possession concerning the child, the family of the child, and the person who is the subject of the abuse or neglect investigation, as specified.	Watch
AB 1282 Kalra D	Immigration enforcement: private transportation.	10/12/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Would prohibit an officer, employee, contractor, or employee of a contractor of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation from facilitating or allowing entry to the department's premises, or otherwise authorizing an employee or contractor of a private security company to arrest, detain, interrogate, transport, or take into custody, an	Watch

			individual in the department’s custody or on the department’s premises for immigration enforcement purposes.	
<u>AB 1478</u> <u>Carrillo</u> D	Employment discrimination.	10/12/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Current law authorizes an aggrieved employee to file a complaint with the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement of the Department of Industrial Relations. Current law, the Labor Code Private Attorneys General Act of 2004, authorizes an aggrieved employee on behalf of that employee and other current or former employees to bring a civil action to recover specified civil penalties, which would otherwise be assessed and collected by the Labor and Workforce Development Agency, for the violation of certain provisions affecting employees. The act prescribes specified civil penalties for violations brought under these provisions. This bill, as an alternative to filing a complaint with the division, would authorize an employee aggrieved under the provisions prohibiting specified types of discrimination described above to bring a private civil action against the employee’s employer and would not require that employee to pursue any other remedy prior to bringing that action.	Watch
<u>AB 1688</u> <u>Calderon</u> D	Rehabilitation programs: recidivism.	10/13/2019-Vetoed by Governor.	Current law establishes the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to operate the state prison system. Current law establishes various rehabilitation programs for inmates in the state prison, including literacy, education, and vocational training programs. Current law requires the California Rehabilitation Oversight Board to regularly examine these programs and to annually report to the Governor and the Legislature on specified findings, including the effectiveness of treatment efforts and recommendations with respect to rehabilitation and treatment programs. This bill would, in response to the State Auditor’s recommendations as contained in the 2019 report titled “Several Poor Administrative Practices Have Hindered Reductions in Recidivism and Denied Inmates Access to In-Prison Rehabilitation Programs,” require the department to contract with an external researcher to analyze the effectiveness of its rehabilitation programs, as provided, and to submit a report to the Legislature by July 1, 2024.	Watch
<u>SB 10</u> <u>Beall</u> D	Mental health services: peer support specialist certification.	10/13/2019-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.	Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish, no later than July 1, 2020, a statewide peer support specialist certification program, as a part of the state’s comprehensive mental health and substance use disorder delivery system and the Medi-Cal	Watch

			program. The certification program's components would include, among others, defining responsibilities, practice guidelines, and supervision standards, determining curriculum and core competencies, specifying training and continuing education requirements, establishing a code of ethics, and determining a certification revocation process. The bill would require an applicant for the certification as a peer support specialist to meet specified requirements, including successful completion of the curriculum and training requirements.	
SB 35 Chang R	Human trafficking: California ACTS Task Force.	10/13/2019-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.	Would establish the California Alliance to Combat Trafficking and Slavery (California ACTS) Task Force to collect and organize data on the nature and extent of trafficking of persons in California. The bill would require the task force to examine collaborative models between local and state governments and nongovernmental organizations for protecting victims of trafficking, among other, related duties. Under the bill, the task force would be comprised of specified state officials and specified individuals who have expertise in human trafficking or provide services to victims of human trafficking, as specified.	Watch
SB 42 Skinner D	The Getting Home Safe Act.	10/12/2019-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.	Current law authorizes a county sheriff to discharge a person from a county jail at any time on the last day that the person may be confined that the sheriff considers to be in the best interests of that person. Current law additionally authorizes a sheriff to offer a voluntary program to a person, upon completion of a sentence served or a release ordered by the court to be effected the same day, that would allow the person to stay in jail for up to 16 additional hours or until normal business hours, whichever is shorter, in order to offer the person the ability to be discharged to a treatment center or during daytime hours, as specified. This bill would make these provisions inoperative on June 1, 2020, and would repeal it as of January 1, 2021.	Watch
SB 284 Beall D	Juvenile justice: county support of wards.	10/12/2019-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.	Current law generally requires a county from which a person is committed to the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, Division of Juvenile Justice, to pay to the state an annual rate of \$24,000 while the person remains under the direct supervision of the division or remains cared for and supported at the expense of the division. This bill would increase that annual rate to \$125,000 if the offense on which the commitment is based, had it been filed in a court of criminal jurisdiction at the time of adjudication, had a maximum aggregate	Oppose

			<p>sentence of fewer than 7 years or if the offense on which the commitment is based occurred when the person was 15 years of age or younger.</p> <p>Veto Message: https://www.gov.ca.gov/wp-content/uploads/2019/10/SB-284-Veto-Message.pdf</p>	
SB 363 Pan D	Workplace safety.	10/13/2019-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.	This bill would require the State Department of State Hospitals, the State Department of Developmental Services, or the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation to report the total number of assaults against employees at each facility operated by the respective department quarterly, as specified, to all the state bargaining units at the department. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Watch
SB 445 Portantino D	Alcohol and drug treatment: youth.	10/13/2019-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.	Current law consolidated within the State Department of Health Care Services all substance use disorder functions and programs from the former State Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs. The current Adolescent Alcohol and Drug Treatment and Recovery Program Act of 1998, which authorized the State Department of Alcohol and Drug Programs to establish community-based nonresidential and residential recovery programs to intervene and treat the problems of alcohol and other drug use among youth, became inoperative on July 1, 2013. This bill would repeal those inoperative provisions and would enact the Children, Adolescents, and Young Adults Substance Use Disorder Treatment Act.	Watch
SB 622 Durazo D	Civil detention facilities: state investigation.	10/13/2019-Vetoed by the Governor. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's veto pending.	Current law prohibits a city, county, city and county, or a local law enforcement agency from entering into a contract with the federal government, any federal agency, or a private corporation to house or detain in a locked detention facility noncitizens for purposes of civil immigration custody, as specified. Current law prohibits a city, county, city and county, or a public agency from approving or signing a deed, instrument, or other document related to a conveyance of land or issuing a permit for the building or reuse of existing buildings by a private corporation, contractor, or vendor to house or detain noncitizens for the purposes of civil immigration proceedings unless the city, county, city and county, or public agency has provided specified notice to the public and solicited and heard public comments regarding the action. This bill would require the custodian of a civil detention facility, as defined, in which	Watch

			a death has occurred to notify the Bureau of Investigation within the Department of Justice immediately, but in any case, no more than 2 hours after the individual is pronounced dead.	
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